ASSIGNMENT 10

Textbook Asignment: "Magnetic Tape Storage," chapter 9, pages 9-1 through 9-21.

- 10-1. Which of the following types of storage is used to store large amounts of data that are not required by the computer on a regular basis?
 - 1. Main memory storage
 - 2. Secondary memory storage
 - 3. Tertiary memory storage
 - 4. Thin film memory storage
- 10-2. Magnetic tape can be used to store large amounts of data in a variety of convenient package sizes.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 10-3. Which of the following materials can be used as a base for magnetic tape?
 - 1. Plastic
 - 2. Iron oxide
 - 3. Rubber
 - 4. Paper
- 10-4. Which of the following materials can be used to form the oxide coating of a magnetic tape?
 - 1. Gamma ferric oxide only
 - 2. Chromium dioxide only
 - 3. Gamma ferric oxide and chromium dioxide
 - 4. Plastic
- 10-5. Which of the following procedures should NOT be used when magnetic tapes are handled?
 - 1. Keep unused tapes in dustproof containers
 - 2. Keep containers free of dust and contaminants
 - 3. Store tapes in electromagnetically shielded cabinets
 - 4. Store tapes on the top of equipment

- 10-6. To identify magnetic tapes, use adhesive labels with which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. Easily erasable
 - 2. Adhere permanently to tape containers
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Easily removable without leaving a residue
- 10-7. You should store tapes in the same room where they are to be used for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. To reduce handling only
 - 2. To prevent variations in environmental conditions only
 - 3. To reduce handling and to prevent variations in environmental conditions
 - 4. To decrease the time needed to find the tape
- 10-8. When you receive a new tape, which of the following actions, if any, should you take?
 - 1. Immediately mount the tape on a drive to read the information
 - 2. Condition the tape to the environment in which it is to be used
 - 3. Copy the tape as soon as you receive it
 - 4. None; no special action is required
- 10-9. What effect, if any, may result if you touch the magnetic oxide of a tape?
 - 1. The oils and acids from your skin could damage the tape
 - 2. Your fingers could turn brown from picking up bits of the oxide
 - 3. None; no effect

- 10-10. A tape cleaner performs which of the following actions?
 - 1. It shaves the oxide of the tape only
 - 2. It wipes down both sides of the tape with a cleaning solution only
 - 3. It first shaves the oxide side of the tape, then it wipes down both sides of the tape with a cleaning solution
 - 4. It alters the flux patterns on the tape
- 10-11. Which of the following maintenance actions reduces the static buildup on open reel magnetic tapes?
 - 1. Degaussing
 - 2. Cleaning
 - 3. Certifying
 - 4. Stripping
- 10-12. A tape certifier performs all of the following tasks except which one?
 - 1. Cleans the tape
 - 2. Erases the tape
 - 3. Checks the tape's ability to record high density data, to retain magnetic flux patterns, and to be demagnetized
 - 4. Restores the original data to the tape
- 10-13. For a tape that cannot be certified, what action, if any, should you take?
 - 1. Destroy it
 - 2. Keep it for use as a scratch tape only
 - 3. Put it into general use because the standards of a tape certifier are higher than they need to be
 - 4. None; no action is required
- 10-14. To nullify all the magnetic flux patterns is the sole purpose of which of the following machines?
 - 1. A cleaner
 - 2. A stripper
 - 3. A degausser
 - 4. A certifier

- 10-15. What area of a magnetic tape tends to show the greatest amount of wear?
 - 1. The area just after BOT
 - 2. The area just before EOT
 - 3. The interrecord gap area
 - 4. The file mark
- 10-16. To correct a tape's worn or damaged areas, which of the following actions should you take?
 - 1. Degaussing
 - 2. Cleaning
 - 3. Stripping
 - 4. Splicing
- 10-17. After stripping a magnetic tape, what is the minimum length of tape you should leave on the reel?
 - 1. 500 feet
 - 2. 400 feet
 - 3. 300 feet
 - 4. 200 feet
- 10-18. You should NOT splice a tape for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. Tape splices are generally the weakest point on the tape
 - 2. Read and write operations may not perform properly in the area of the splice
 - 3. Splicing a broken tape usually will not save the data
 - 4. All of the above
- 10-19. All tape media used in a system must be accounted for in which of the following ways?
 - 1. Listed
 - 2. Labeled only
 - 3. Numbered only
 - 4. Labeled and numbered
- 10-20. An operational program tape being delivered to a system is considered which of the following types of tape?
 - 1. New
 - 2. Used
 - 3. Master
 - 4. Scratch

- 10-21. A tape containing data that maybe written over is called what type of tape?
 - 1. New
 - 2. Used
 - 3. Master
 - 4. Scratch
- 10-22. Master tapes must be protected from which of the following operations?
 - 1. Read
 - 2. Write
 - 3. Copy
 - 4. Duplication
- 10-23. Tapes generated from a master tape are referred to by which of the following terms?
 - 1. New
 - 2. Used
 - 3. Working copies
 - 4. Scratch
 - A. Submit the tape for stripping or cleaning/certifying.
 - B. Make a new working copy from the master.
 - C. Remove the tape from the unit and clean the transport.
 - D. Attempt to read or write the tape on different transport.
 - E. Align the magnetic tape transport.

Figure 10-A—Magnetic tape maintenance actions.

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 10-24 THROUGH 10-26, SELECT FROM FIGURE 10-A THE PROPER MAINTENANCE ACTION TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM DESCRIBED IN THE QUESTION.

- 10-24. A working copy receives read errors from several tape transports.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D

- 10-25. The tape has visible damage.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 10-26. A tape reads properly from all transports except one.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 10-27. What is the form taken by a tape after it has been wound on a reel?
 - 1. Tape
 - 2. Tape deck
 - 3. Tape roll
 - 4. Tape pack
- 10-28. What winding error causes steps to be observed in the tape pack?
 - 1. Windowing
 - 2. Spoking
 - 3. Pack slip
 - 4. Cinching
- 10-29. What tape condition is caused when a loosely wound tape is exposed to extreme heat or humidity?
 - 1. Windowing
 - 2. Spoking
 - 3. Pack slip
 - 4. Cinching
- 10-30. What tape condition is caused when tension is increased toward the end of the winding operation?
 - 1. Windowing
 - 2. Spoking
 - 3. Pack slip
 - 4. Cinching

- 10-31. Storage of data using a magnetic tape unit is based on which of the following principles?
 - 1. Current flow in a conductor can be generated by a change in the magnetic lines of force that cut through a conductor
 - 2. Changing the current flow in a conductor creates a change in the magnetic lines of force radiating from the conductor
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Current flow cannot be created by moving a conductor through a magnetic field
- 10-32. The electromagnetic-type conductor used to create a magnetic spot on a magnetic tape is called a
 - 1. read head
 - 2. write head
 - 3. flux pattern
 - 4. magnetic oxide
- 10-33. A magnetic spot recorded on a magnetic surface may be sensed by an electromagnetic-type conductor called a
 - 1. read head
 - 2. write head
 - 3. flux pattern
 - 4. magnetic oxide
- 10-34. Data stored on a magnetic surface may only be read once.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 10-35. A flux pattern magnetized in one direction to indicate a binary ONE and the opposite direction to indicate a binary ZERO is a characteristic of which of the following recording techniques?
 - 1. Return-to-zero
 - 2. Non-return-to-zero
 - 3. Phase encoding

- 10-36. Using narrow current spikes to write small flux patterns is a characteristic of which of the following recording techniques?
 - 1. Return-to-zero
 - 2. Non-return-to-zero
 - 3. Phase encoding
- 10-37. A binary ONE indicated by a change in flux direction is a characteristic of which of the following recording techniques?
 - 1. Return-to-zero
 - 2. Non-return-to-zero
 - 3. Phase encoding
- 10-38. What recording technique, if any, provides for the highest data density?
 - 1. Return-to-zero
 - 2. Non-return-to-zero
 - 3. Phase encoding
 - 4. None; they all provide the same density
- 10-39. An invisible line on a tape where data is written or read a bit at a time is called a
 - 1. file
 - 2. frame
 - 3. record
 - 4. track
- 10-40. Data bits written concurrently across the width of the tape are called a
 - 1. file
 - 2. frame
 - 3. record
 - 4. track
- 10-41. Which of the following terms indicates the density of data stored on multitrack tape?
 - 1. Bits per inch
 - 2. Characters per inch
 - 3. Frames per inch
 - 4. Records per inch

- 10-42. A nine-track magnetic tape contains (a) what number of data bits and (b) what number of parity bits?
 - 1. (a) 7 (b) 2
 - 2. (a) 8 (b) 1
 - 3. (a) 9 (b) 1
 - 4. (a) 9 (b) O
- 10-43. In which of the following recording techniques is the presence of a frame indicated by the detection of a binary ONE?
 - 1. Return-to-zero
 - 2. Phase encoding
 - 3. Non-return-to-zero
 - 4. Non-return-to-zero indiscrete
- 10-44. When writing or searching for data, which of the following tape markings is a common starting point used by a system?
 - 1. BOT
 - 2. EOT
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. IRG
- 10-45. Data cannot be written or read under which of the following conditions?
 - 1. The tape is stopped
 - 2. The tape is just starting to move
 - 3. The tape is stopping movement
 - 4. All of the above
- 10-46. The start/stop effect creates a blank spot on the tape until which of the following conditions is met?
 - 1. The tape is up to speed
 - 2. The tape is stopped
 - 3. The tape is starting to move
 - 4. The tape is stopping movement
- 10-47. A group of contiguous frames is called a
 - 1. file
 - 2. record
 - 3. software
 - 4. track

- 10-48. Record length is fixed by the magnetic tape device.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 10-49. A file can be defined as a group of
 - 1. bits
 - 2. characters
 - 3. frames
 - 4. records
- 10-50. Every file on a tape ends with a
 - 1. file mark
 - 2. interrecord gap
 - 3. parity bit
 - 4. record
- 10-51. Which of the following parity checks uses each frame's parity bit?
 - 1. Odd
 - 2. Even
 - 3. Lateral
 - 4. Longitudinal
- 10-52. The parity bit in a seven-track frame consisting of 011101 is a ONE for which of the following parity formats?
 - 1. Odd
 - 2. Even
 - 3. Lateral
 - 4. Longitudinal
- 10-53. Odd parity is commonly used with non-return-to-zero indiscrete recording for what purpose?
 - 1. File mark
 - 2. Frame identification
 - 3. Interrecord timing
 - 4. Tape speed

- 10-54. Which of the following parity checks uses a check frame?
 - 1. Odd
 - 2. Even
 - 3. Lateral
 - 4. Longitudinal
- 10-55. Each bit in the check frame contains the parity bit for all the ONEs in a particular
 - 1. file
 - 2. frame
 - 3. record
 - 4. track
- 10-56. Which of the following is NOT a function of the magnetic tape controller?
 - 1. Receives data and commands from the computer
 - 2. Reformats data into frame-size bytes
 - 3. Detects BOT
 - 4. Checks parity
- 10-57. What is the tape speed for all read, write, and search operations, in inches per second?
 - 1. 100
 - 2. 120
 - 3. 180
 - 4. 200
- 10-58. Tapes without a write-enabling ring are protected from the write operation.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 10-59. What MTU operation compares the first word of each record to a specified key?
 - 1. Read
 - 2. Search
 - 3. Space file
 - 4. Write

- 10-60. During a rewind operation, what signal will cause tape motion to stop?
 - 1. BOT
 - 2. EOT
 - 3. Low tape
 - 4. Start of file tape mark
- 10-61. MTU operations that can be performed offline using the microprogrammed controller (MPC) are determined by the MPC program installed by the
 - 1. operator
 - 2. computer
 - 3. manufacturer
 - 4. maintenance technician
- 10-62. What functional area of a magnetic tape unit decodes external function words from the computer?
 - 1. System control panel
 - 2. Maintenance panel
 - 3. Magnetic tape transport
 - 4. Control unit
- 10-63. The MPC transmits data via which of the following data buses?
 - 1. Source bus only
 - 2. Destination bus only
 - 3. Source and destination buses
 - 4. ROM bus only
- 10-64. Which of the following control unit functions is NOT performed by the MPC?
 - 1. Frame count checking for lost frames
 - 2. Start/stop delay initiation
 - 3. Read/write signal amplification
 - 4. Search operations comparisons
- 10-65. Which of the following components contains controls and indicators for manual offline operations?
 - 1. The maintenance panel
 - 2. The system control panel
 - 3. The magnetic tape transport
 - 4. The microprogrammed controller

- 10-66. Which of the following components contains the controls and indicators for primary power and tape transport manual control?
 - 1. The maintenance panel
 - 2. The system control panel
 - 3. The magnetic tape transport
 - 4. The microprogrammed controller
- 10-67. Of the following operations, which one is NOT performed by the magnetic tape transport (MTT) control section?
 - 1. Providing control signals for manual operations of the MTT
 - 2. Acting as an interface for MTU control signals and status responses
 - 3. Sending signals to light the MTT switch panel indicators
 - 4. Providing timing pulses and a servo-movement control signal to the capstan
- 10-68. The direction and speed of the supply and take-up servo motors are controlled by which of the following factors?
 - 1. The size of the tape loop in the vacuum column
 - 2. The direction and speed of the capstan motor
 - 3. The capstan tachometer
 - 4. The function being performed
- 10-69. Which of the following MTT sections controls the speed and direction of tape movement?
 - 1. Air control solenoids
 - 2. Capstan servo-control
 - 3. Supply reel servo-control
 - 4. Take-up reel servo-control
- 10-70. The supply and take-up reel servo-driven hubs attempt to maintain the tape loops in which of the following positions as shown in figure 10-20?
 - 1. Above sensor A
 - 2. Below sensor D
 - 3. Between sensors B and C
 - 4. Between sensors A and D

- 10-71. The speed and direction of the servo-driven hubs are controlled by all of the following conditions except which one?
 - 1. Capstan direction and velocity
 - 2. Reel tachometer input
 - 3. Vacuum/pressure sensors in the buffer columns
 - 4. Read or write operation being performed
- 10-72. Which of the following diagnostic programs is/are controlled by the MPC ROM?
 - 1. POFA
 - 2. PEFT
 - 3. Internal diagnostics
 - 4. All of the above
- 10-73. Which of the following diagnostic programs is/are run under the control of the operational program?
 - 1. POFA
 - 2. PEFT
 - 3. Internal diagnostics
 - 4. All of the above
- 10-74. Which of the following POFA tests checks the ability of the MTU to respond to computer commands and to provide status and error condition information to the computer?
 - 1. The duplex test
 - 2. The extended operation test
 - 3. The function and format test
 - 4. The transport compatibility test
- 10-75. Which of the following POFA tests checks the MTU's ability to read the same tape on several MTTs?
 - 1. The duplex test
 - 2. The extended operations test
 - 3. The function and format test
 - 4. The transport compatibility test